

# Mukuvisi Woodlands Tree List

## Trees found in the Interpretive Area

The number provided is the Zimbabwean tree number, as per Coates-Palgrave's 'Trees of Southern Africa'



No	SCIENTIFIC NAMES	COMMON NAMES	SHONA NAMES	NDEBELE NAMES	MEDICINAL and PRACTICAL USES
43	<i>Celtis africana</i> (ULMACEAE)	WHITE STINKWOOD	KAMUTUNA, MUGARA	UMDLAWUTHU	Suitable for furniture, ideal for shelving, widely planted for reclamation of soil, used for fruit boxes
46	<i>Trema orientalis</i> (CELTIDACEAE)	PIGEONWOOD	GUBURUKA, MUFEFETI		
52	<i>Ficus sur</i> (MORACEAE)	BROOM-CLUSTER FIG	MUCHOWANA, MUKUYU	UMKHIWA	Used for fruit boxes
55	<i>Ficus ingens</i> (MORACEAE)	RED-LEAVED FIG	MUSAMVI, MUSHAVI	INKIWANE IDOTSI	Jams
65	<i>Ficus sycomorus</i> (MORACEAE)	SYCOMORE FIG	MUONDE, KUWANE/I, MUKUYUKONO	UMKHIWA	Dried fruit acquire a sultana-like taste, infusion with bark latex treatment for chest, diarrhoea, and inflamed throats
79	<i>Faurea speciose</i> (PROTEACEAE)	BROAD-LEAVED BEECHWOOD	MUTSATSATI, KAPFUTSA	UMDWADWA	Extract of roots is used for diarrhoea and ear infections
151	<i>Maerua triphylla</i> CAPPARACEAE)	SMALL BEAD-BEAN			Found in dry parts of a woodland, helps in the prevention of soil erosion
155	<i>Pittosporum viridiflorum</i> (PITTOSPORACEAE)	CHEESEWOOD	CHEMEDZAMBUYA, MUBANDA	IYOYI	Bark (sweet smell like liquorice) is used for stomach complaints, for black gall-sickness, red water in cattle
166	<i>Parinari curatellifolia</i> (CHRYSOBALANACEAE)	MOBOLA-PLUM, HISSING TREE	MUHACHA, MUCHAKATA, MUISHA	UMKHUNA	Fruits made into porridge and syrup and it is basis of a refreshing non-alcoholic drink, bark for the treatment for pneumonia
191	<i>Acacia ataxacantha</i> (MIMOSOIDEAE)	FLAME ACACIA	KATO, MUKAKANYURO	UMBAMBANGWE, UMQAQAWWE	Helps in the prevention of soil erosion in sand dunes, open bush and rocky hillsides
202	<i>Acacia galpinii</i> (MIMOSOIDEAE)	MONKEY THORN	CHINANGA, MUNANGA	UMKHAYA, UMTHUNGABAYENI	Makes good furniture (difficult to work with)
203	<i>Acacia gerrardii</i> (MIMOSOIDEAE)	GREY-HAIRED ACACIA			Helps in the prevention of soil erosion
216	<i>Acacia nilotica</i> (MIMOSOIDEAE)	SCENTED-POD ACACIA	MUBAYAMHONDOR O, MUUNGA, MUHUNGA	ISANQAWWE, UMLALADWAYI	Voortrekkers made ink from the pods, Zulus used the bark for coughs, good quality gum for confectionery

224	<i>Acacia sieberiana</i> (MIMOSOIDEAE)	PAPER-BARK THORN	MUUNGA, MUBAYAMHONDOR O	UMLALADWAYI, UMSASANE	Pods eaten by game and stock
230	<i>Dichrostachys cinerea</i> (MIMOSOIDEAE)	CHINESE LANTERNS, SICKLE BUSH	MUPANGARA, MUMHANGARA	UGAGU	Cattle and game eat the fruits, African medicine - roots chewed and placed on snakebites, leaves produce a local anaesthesia
243	<i>Burkea Africana</i> (CAESALPINIOIDEAE)	BURKEA, RED SYRINGA	MUKARATI	UMNONDO	Bark and pods for tanning, host a specific caterpillar which is roasted or dried
252	<i>Brachystegia spiciformis</i> (CAESALPINIOIDEAE)	MUSASA	MUSASA	IGONDE	Used for final dressing in tanning hides, Roots treatment for dysentery and diarrhoea, decoction as an eyewash in case of conjunctivitis
255	<i>Schotia brachypetala</i> (CAESALPINIOIDEAE)	WEeping SCHOTIA	MUTONDOCHURU, MUNHONDOCHURU		Seeds are roasted and eaten, decoction for heartburn and also alleviates hangover
260	<i>Julbernardia globiflora</i> (CAESALPINIOIDEAE)	MNONDO	MUNHONDO, MUTONDO	UMSHONKWE	Bark for rope, beehives, stitched canoes and sacks, wood used to mortars and canoes
276	<i>Senna singueana</i> (CAESALPINIOIDEAE)	WINTER SENNA	KASAKWE, KAUDZIUDZI	ISIHAQA, ESINCINYANE	Brings colour during winter with bright yellow flowers
280	<i>Peltophorum africanum</i> (CAESALPINIOIDEAE)	AFRICAN WEeping- WATTLE	DZEDZE, MUJIZA	UMSEHLA, UMKAHLA	Bark chewed to relieve colic, stomach disorders, Rain trees of Africa, in spring water drips from the branches
286	<i>Calpurnia aurea</i> (PAPILIONOIDEAE)	WILD LABURNUM	MUGURU		Grown as an ornamental tree in gardens, also as a shade tree in coffee plantations
287	<i>Bolusanthus speciosus</i> (PAPILIONOIDEAE)	TREE WISTARIA	MUBACHA, MUKWESHANGOMA	MPACA, UMBAMBANGWE	Dried bark for the relief of abdominal disorders
348	<i>Dalbergia melanoxylon</i> (PAPILIONOIDEAE)	ZEBRAWOOD DALBERGIA	MURWITI, MUGWEZE	UMBAMBANGWE	Roots used for toothache, wood used for chessmen and woodwind instruments
355	<i>Pterocarpus roundifolius</i> (PAPILIONOIDEAE)	ROUND-LEAVED BLOODWOOD	MUTSWATSWA	UMCHITHAMUZI	Wood has a general purpose
363	<i>Erythrina abyssinica</i> (PAPILIONOIDEAE)	RED-HOT-POKER CORAL- TREE	MUTITI	UMGQOGQOGQO	Seeds used to decorate trinkets, bracelets and necklaces, contains curare-like poison; if injected produces anaesthesia, paralysis and death through respiration failure
466	<i>Flueggea virosa</i> (EUPHORBIACEAE)	SNOWBERRY TREE	MUCHAGAUWE, MUSANGAOMA	UMHAGAWUWE, UMKLANKOMO	Roots is taken with meat broth to relieve malaria, bark contains tannin, treatment for diarrhoea
527	<i>Euphorbia ingens</i> (EUPHORBIA)	GIANT EUPHORIA	MUKONDE	UMHLONHLO	Latex is toxic used for fish poison in Limpopo valley, a remedy for dipsomania and to treat cancer
538	<i>Lannea discolor</i> (ANACARDIACEAE)	LIVE-LONG	MUSHAMBA	ISIGAN	Bark and roots used for children's complaints, fever and constipation

545	<i>Ozoroa insignis</i> (ANACARDIACEAE)	TARBERRY	MUGARAGUNGUWO	ISAFICE	Occurs in dry open woodland provides protection against soil erosion
550	<i>Rhus lancea</i> (ANACARDIACEAE)	WILLOW RHUS	CHISAWU, MUCHOKOCHIANE	INHLOKOTSHIYANE, ICHANE	Fruits pounded with water, allowed to ferment, makes a good beer
552	<i>Rhus longipes</i> (ANACARDIACEAE)	LARGE-LEAVED RHUS	MUFOKOSIANA, MUDZAMBUYA	INHLOKOTSHIYANE	Found along the river bank helps in the prevention of siltation
557	<i>Rhus quartiniana</i> (ANACARDIACEAE)	RIVER RHUS			Found along the river bank and open woodlands, siltation and erosion are decreased
558	<i>Rhus tenuinervis</i> (ANACARDIACEAE)	ROLLED-LEAF RHUS	MUFOKOSIANA	INHLOKOTSHIYANE	Wood used for tanning
564	<i>Maytenus heterophylla</i> (CELASTRACEAE)	COMMON SPIKETHORN	MUSOSAWAFA	ISIHLANGU	Found in a wide range of altitudes useful for tree planting projects
569	<i>Maytenus senegalensis</i> (CELASTRACEAE)	CONFETTI SPIKETHORN TREE	MUSOSAWAFA	ISIHLANGU	Roots boiled and applied as a poultice to relieve chest pain, liquid used for coughing up blood; snakebites; lice
580	<i>Pleurostyliia Africana</i> (CELASTRACEAE)	NORTHERN COFFEE-PEAR			Parts of the tree have a considerable reputation for aphrodisiac properties
609	<i>Dodonaea angustifolia</i> (SAPINDACEAE)	SAND OLIVE	MUPUMHA, MUSAMBAPFUNDE		Leaves treatment of rheumatism, throats and haemorrhoids, Infusion of roots for common cold
623	<i>Rhamnus prinoides</i> (RHAMNACEAE)	SHINY LEAF	MUVHUNAMBEZO		The decortication root is taken as a blood purifier, treat pneumonia, leaves liniment to simple sprains
682	<i>Azanza garckeana</i> (MALVACEAE)	SNOT APPLE, QUARTERS	MUTOHWE	UXHAKUXHAKU	Fruits are edible, wood of little value only for implement handles and inner bark for fibre
684	<i>Adansonia digitate</i> (BOMBACACEAE)	BAOBAB	MBUYU, MUBUYU	UMKHOMO	Bark makes excellent ropes and floor mats, the trunks serves as house, pubs and homes for wild animals
687	<i>Dombeya rotundifolia</i> (STERCULIACEAE)	WILD PEAR	MUTONGOTOWA	UMWANI	Wood used to treat intestinal ulcers, Shangaan women drink a decoction of the bark to hasten onset labour
712	<i>Psorospermum febrifugum</i> (CLUSIACEAE)	CHRISTMAS BERRY	MUMINU	ICHITHAMUZI	Berries used as decoration at Christmas time, roots mixed with goats eat remedy for eczema in African medicine
739	<i>Flacourtia indica</i> (FLACOURTIACEAE)	GOVERNORS-PLUM	MUNHUNGURU	UMTHUNDULUKA	Leaves and roots treatment for screw-worm in cattle, infusion of the bark gargled for sore throats, hoarseness
744	<i>Dovyalis zeyheri</i> (FLACOURTIACEAE)	APRICOT SOURBERRY	MUTSVORITOTO	UMQOKOLO	Fruits edible, rather sour makes good jelly
775	<i>Combretum molle</i> (COMRETACEAE)	VELVET-LEAVED COMBRETUM	MUBONDO, MUDZIYAISHE	UMBHONDO	Leaves provides dressing for wounds, infusion of the inner bark taken orally relieve various stomach complaints
798	<i>Syzygium cordatum</i> (MYRTACEAE)	WATERBERRY	MAKUTE	UMDONI	Alcoholic drink made from fruits
813	<i>Cussonia arborea</i> (ARALIACEAE)	OCTOPUS CABBAGE-TREE		UMELEMELE	In Malawi wood is used to make xylophone keys

841	<i>Mimusops zeyheri</i> (SAPOTACEAE)	COMMON RED-MILKWOOD	MUCHECHETE	UMBUMBULU	Fruits tasty high in vitamin c content
		TRANSVAAL RED-MILKWOOD			Wood general purpose is timber
847	<i>Euclea divinorum</i> (EBENACEAE)	MAGIC GUARRI	MUSHANGURA	UMTSHEKESANE	Fruits used to make purple ink and in brewing beer, bark produces a brown dye, frayed ends of twigs as toothbrushes
856	<i>Diospyros lycioides</i> (EBENACEAE)	RED STAR-APPLE	MUSHUMADOMBO	UMQATHUVA	Roots chewed after a meal and frayed end used as a toothbrush
868	<i>Olea europaea</i> (OLEACEAE)	AFRICAN OLIVE	MUPFUNGO	UMNQUMA	Fresh bark to relieve colic, leaves used as an eye lotion on animals and humans and as a gargle for sore throats
881	<i>Stychnos cocculoides</i> (LOGANIACEAE)	CORKY-BARK MONKEY-ORANGE	MUTAMBA	UMHLALI	The pulp of the fruit is acidity and edible
892	<i>Strychnos spinose</i> (LOGANIACEAE)	SPINY MONKEY-ORANGE	MUTAMBA	UMHLALI	The pulp of the fruit is sweet and edible
906	<i>Carissa edulis</i> (APOCYNACEAE)	SIMPLE-SPINED CARISSA			
980	<i>Lippia javanica</i> (APOCYNACEAE)	LIPPIA	KACHIGWERE, ZUMBANI	UMSUZWANE	Used to make herbal tea
920	<i>Rauvolfia caffra</i> (APOCYNACEAE)	QUININE TREE	MUKASHU, MUDZURUNGU, MUKAMAMASANHI	UMDLANDLOVU	Wood used to make spoons, bowls, drums and carvings, latex is used for treatment of malaria, roots contains reserpine for the treatment of high blood pressure
968	<i>Cordyla Africana</i> (BORAGINACEAE)	LARGE-LEAVED CORDYLA	MUFONDO, MUTONDO		Polishes well, suitable for furniture, useful as a coffee shade tree
1023	<i>Halleria lucida</i> (HAMMAMELIDACEAEA)	TREE-FUCHSIA	MUBARATSOTSA, MUTAPAHURO		Dried leaves are soaked in water and squeezed drops for earache, fruits have a sickly sweet taste used in food shortages
1096	<i>Vangueria infausta</i> (RUBIACEAE)	FALSE MEDLAR	MUNJIRO, MUNZVIRO, MUNZVIRU	UMTHOFU, UMVIYO	Africans believe it to be evil, will not use wood for fuel. Roots though is a remedy for malaria and pneumonia, the pulp mixed with sugar and water is used in puddings
1035	<i>Kilelia Africana</i> (BIGNONIACEAE)	SAUSAGE TREE	MUVHUMATI, VHEVE	UMVEBE	Flowers are eaten by game and stock, unripe fruits are poisonous. Remedy for syphilis and rheumatism, ripe fruit inedible are baked and added to aid fermentation, seeds roasted and eaten
1125	<i>Pavetta gardeniifolia</i> (RUBIACEAE)	STINK-LEAF BRIDES BUSH			Found among rocks, granite kopjes and open woodlands ideal to stop soil lose on hills and woodlands
57/4	<i>Ficus thonningii</i> (MORACEAE)	COMMON WILD FIG	MUTSAMVI, MUSHAVI	INTENJANE, INKIWANE	Fibre used for mat-making obtained by the bark